Company Update November 2021

LEG (NYSE) www.leggett.com

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Forward-Looking Statements

Statements in this presentation, either written or oral, that are not historical in nature are "forward-looking." These statements are identified either by their context or by use of words such as "anticipate," "believe," "estimate or E," "expect," "forecasted," "intend," "may," "plan," "should," "guidance" or the like and include percentage of segments sales, sales and growth, volume growth, EPS, EBIT, EBITDA, depreciation and amortization, net interest expense, tax rate, diluted shares, operating cash, free cash flow, capital expenditures, dividends and yield, debt repayments, net earnings, return on invested capital, raw material related price increases, currency benefit, fixed cost savings, EBIT margins, metal margins, stock repurchases, TSR, acquisition spending, and uses of cash. All such forward-looking statements are expressly qualified by the cautionary statements described in this provision. We do not have, and do not undertake, any duty to update any forward-looking statement. Forward-looking statements should not be relied upon as a prediction of actual future events or results. Any forward-looking statement reflects only the beliefs of Leggett at the time the statement is made. All forwardlooking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties which might cause actual events or results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements. Some of these risks and uncertainties include: the demand for our products; our manufacturing facilities' ability to remain fully operational, obtain necessary raw materials and parts, maintain appropriate labor levels and ship finished products to customers; our ability to collect receivables in accordance with their terms; impairment of goodwill and long-lived assets; restructuring and related charges; access to the commercial paper market or borrowing under our credit facility; our ability to comply with restrictive financial covenants; changes in our capital needs; market conditions; disruption to our rod mill; our ability to manage working capital; antidumping duties; cybersecurity breaches; customer losses; price and product competition; cost and availability of raw materials and labor; fuel and energy; climate change regulations; ESG risks; foreign currency fluctuation; cash repatriation; privacy laws; litigation risks; and other risk factors in Leggett's most recent Form 10-K and subsequent Form 10-Qs.

Market and Industry Data

Unless we indicate otherwise, we base the information concerning our markets/industry contained herein on our general knowledge of and expectations concerning those markets/industry, on data from various industry analyses, on our internal research, and on adjustments and assumptions that we believe to be reasonable. However, we have not independently verified data from market/industry analyses and cannot guarantee their accuracy or completeness.



Leggett Distinctives



Strong balance sheet and cash flow



Disciplined use of cash



~3.5% dividend yield; 50 consecutive annual increases



Leader in most markets; few large competitors



Opportunities for long-term growth

- Internal initiatives + market growth + acquisitions
- Large addressable markets

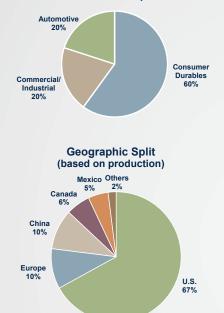


Management has "skin in the game"

- Significant stock owners; forego comp in exchange for shares
- Incentive comp aligned with TSR focus

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Our Markets



Macro Market Exposure



% of 2021e net trade sales Specialized 20% Bedding 50% Furniture, Flooring & Textile 30%

Segments

Bedding Products

Bedding

- Mattress springs
- Private-label finished mattresses, mattress toppers, pillows
- Specialty bedding foams
- Foundations

Wire

- Drawn steel wire
- Steel rod

Adjustable Bed

Adjustable beds

Machinery

- Quilting & sewing machinery for bedding mfg.
- Mattress packaging and glue-drying equipment



Specialized Products

Automotive

- Auto seat support & lumbar systems
- Motors, actuators & cables

Aerospace

- Tubing
- Tube assemblies
- Flexible joints

Hydraulic Cylinders

 Hydraulic cylinders primarily for material handling, transportation & construction equipment



Furniture, Flooring & Textile Products

Home Furniture

- Recliner mechanisms
- Seating and sofa sleeper components

Work Furniture

- · Chair controls, bases, frames
- Private-label finished seating

Flooring & Textiles

- Flooring underlayment
- Textile converting
- Geo components



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Total Shareholder Return

SOURCES



Revenue Growth

Target: 6–9% annually



Margin Improvement

> Target: 11.5–12.5%



Dividend Yield

Payout target: ~50% of earnings



Stock Buybacks

With available cash

<u>Total Shareholder Return = (Δ Stock Price + Dividends) / Initial Price</u>



Growth Framework



6–9%
Average Annual
Revenue Growth

Organic + Acquisition

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Increasing Content and New Programs 2

Expanding Addressable Markets 3

Identifying Strategic Acquisitions

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U.S. Bedding Market Overview

Finished Mattresses & Foundations at Wholesale Addressable Market

APPROXIMATE MARKET SIZE

SEGMENT



MATTRESSES



ADJUSTABLE FOUNDATIONS



STATIC FOUNDATIONS

COMPETITORS

Innerspring maker-users and foam component suppliers

Importers of innersprings, finished mattresses and adjustable foundations

Private-label mattress manufacturers, primarily all foam



Bedding Market Disruption and Trends



Consumers accept online purchasing and compressed mattresses

- Changed traditional mattress route-to-market, number of brands and product types
- Growth of hybrid mattresses
- Compressed mattresses roughly half of the market and growing



Non-traditional retail channels have gained share, employing direct-to-consumer (DTC) brands and compressed mattresses



Traditional mattress retail channels remain and private label product offering has grown



Effects of COVID-19 accelerated growth of online purchasing and compressed mattresses



Mattress replacement cycles have shortened

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L&P Bedding Value Chain





Vertical Integration in Bedding Products

Each year at our rod mill in Sterling, Illinois, approximately 550,000 tons of steel scrap are melted and formed into billets. The billets are then used to make around 500,000 tons of steel rod.

gauges of wire, while most of the wire goes to our spring-making plants to be coiled into innersprings on wire-forming machines manufactured by our Spühl facility in Switzerland.

Our innersprings are sold to most U.S. bedding manufacturers and used in private-label finished hybrid compressed mattresses produced in our facilities across the country.

MELTING FURNACE





FORMING STEEL ROD









RAW STEEL TO SPRING CORES >>

POLYOL CHEMISTRY TO SPECIALTY FOAM >>





FOAM ADDITIVES









COMPRESSING AND ROLL-PACKING

Polyols and foam additives that improve durability, increase airflow, and decrease odor are developed at Peterson Chemical Technology.

Specialty foam is produced at our pouring and fabrication facilities and either used in private-label fully finished products such as compressed mattresses, mattress toppers and pillows, or sold to bedding and furniture manufacturers

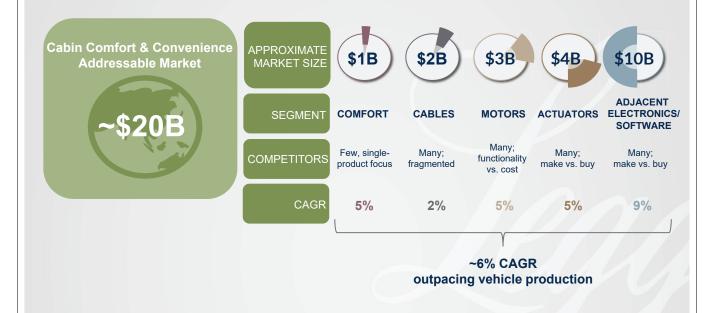
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L&P Positioned to Win in Omni-Channel Environment

- Innovation and low-cost production advantage from integrated rod-wire-machinery-innerspring value chain
- Innovation advantage from ECS chemical-specialty foam value chain
- Innovation and value engineering advantage in private-label finished mattress production, particularly innerspring and foam hybrids
- Pair with adjustable and static ready-to-assemble foundations
- Ability to ship direct-to-consumer on behalf of our customers

Global Automotive Market Overview



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Market Trends



Consumer demands for additional comfort, convenience and connectivity



Increasing global programs and platform sharing



OEM directed sourcing



Stricter standards drive innovation in lightweighting, efficiency, noise, and sustainability

Large share of the value chain is shifting to C.A.S.E.

Technological advances will have significant consumer and industry impacts over next 5-10 years - industry is transforming to our space in comfort and convenience



Trends Play to our Strengths









Advantages Are Rooted In Our Deep Industry Knowledge And Customer Engagement









The Results

Long-term growth above industry production Share leader in targeted segments Share leader in fast growing SUV and CUV segments Positioned for growth in convenience and adjacent electronics/software applications

The most complete seat comfort subsystem supplier

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Acquisition Strategy

Strong Strategic Fit

- · Growth in attractive markets
- Sustainable competitive advantage
- Enhance current capabilities or product offerings
- Meaningful synergies
- · Low risk of disruption

Disciplined Financial Screen

- Solid, above-market growth opportunities
- Accretive to GAAP EPS and cash flow within one year of acquisition
- Returns well above WACC

Cultural Alignment

- Ethics and integrity
- · Safety prioritization
- Strong, committed leadership team
- Customer focus
- Continuous improvement

Acquisitions are most often bolt-on to existing businesses but could also include opportunities in new markets that leverage our key competencies.

Sources of Margin Improvement

Near-Term Opportunities

- Maintaining fixed cost reductions as much as practical from actions taken last year
- Maintaining pricing discipline to recover cost inflation
- Increasing volume across our businesses as supply chain constraints improve

Ongoing Opportunities

- Portfolio Management
- Growth in Attractive Markets
- Product Innovation
- Continuous Improvement

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Long-Term Disciplined Use of Cash

- Fund organic growth
- Pay dividends

 50-year history of dividend increases

 S&P 500 Dividend Aristocrat
- Fund strategic acquisitions
- Repurchase stock with available cash

Payout target is ~50% of earnings

Debt, Liquidity, and Cash Flow

Debt and Liquidity

- Maintaining priority on Investment Grade credit rating
- Making progress with deleveraging
- \$1.2 billion revolving credit facility in place
- Comfortably supports dividend funding

Cash Flow

- Long history of strong Operating Cash Flow
- Exceeded capital expenditures + dividends for past 32 years; expected again in 2021

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Our Commitment to Enhancing Lives



Innovative
Products Deliver
Positive
Sustainability
Impact for our
Customers



Focus on Resource
Efficiency, Waste
Reduction, and
Renewables
Protects
Environment and
Reduces Costs



Investing in our People to Attract and Retain Talent for Long-Term Success

Enhancing Lives through our Products, our Processes, and our People





Innovative Products Deliver Positive Sustainability Impact for our Customers

- Lightweight automotive components help to reduce overall vehicle weight, improve fuel efficiency, and reduce noise
- Specialty foam products meet the highest standards for chemical safety with CertiPUR-US® certification
- ~50% of wood used in our U.S. bedding products comes from Forest Stewardship Council (FSC) certified sources
- Carpet cushion products make a direct contribution towards
 Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design (LEED) green
 building certification, are Carpet and Rug Institute (CRI) Green Label
 Plus-certified, and are recyclable

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Focus on Resource Efficiency, Waste Reduction, and Renewables Protects Environment and Reduces Costs

- Over 90% of steel used is produced from primarily locally-sourced, recycled steel scrap
- ~40% of U.S. and over 88% of Canadian electric consumption is from nuclear energy and other sources of renewable power
- Voluntary partnership with U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) Better Buildings, Better Plants Program to drive energy efficiency
- Company-wide Environmental Management System drives continual improvement in environmental sustainability





Investing in our People to Attract and Retain Talent for Long-Term Success

- 89% internal promotion rate for corporate officer positions over the last three years
- Internship program helps to build a deep and diverse talent pool
 - > 48% of interns hired into permanent positions over the last five years
- Global Frontline Supervisor Training Program designed to help managers in our operations build strong employee engagement
- Targeted employee surveys conducted at our facilities to evaluate the general employee relations environment

Recognized by *Fortune Magazine* as one of the World's Most Admired Companies every year since 2013

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Governance/Directors

9 Non-Management Directors (out of 11 total)

Only Non-Management Directors on Key Board Committees 6 out of 11 Directors
Diverse by
Race/Ethnicity or Gender

Non-Management		<u>Age</u>	<u>Joined</u>	<u>Position</u>	<u>Firm</u>
Mark Blinn	Д ♦	59	2019	Retired President & CEO	Flowserve
Robert Brunner	□ ◆	64	2009	Retired EVP	ITW
Mary Campbell	П	* 54	2019	Chief Merchandising Officer/ Chief Commerce Officer	Qurate Retail Group/QVC U.S.
Manuel Fernandez	•	* 75	2014	Managing Director	SI Ventures
Joe McClanathan	•	* 69	2005	Retired President & CEO	Energizer Household Products
Judy Odom †	•	* 69	2002	Retired Chair & CEO	Software Spectrum
Srikanth Padmanabhan	Ħ	* 57	2018	Vice President	Cummins Inc.
Jai Shah	Ħ ◆	55	2019	Group President	Masco
Phoebe Wood	Д	* 68	2005	Principal	CompaniesWood
<u>Management</u>					
Karl Glassman ‡		63	2002	Chairman & CEO	Leggett & Platt
Mitch Dolloff		55	2020	President & COO	Leggett & Platt

[†] Lead Director

[‡] Chairman of the Board

Compensation Rewards Strong Performance

Annual Incentive

Based on current year ROCE and free cash flow

Performance Stock Units

- Long-term equity-based, significant portion of total comp for execs
- Three-year performance period with two equal measures
 - > Relative TSR performance (vs. peer group of ~300 companies)
 - > Company or segment EBIT CAGR

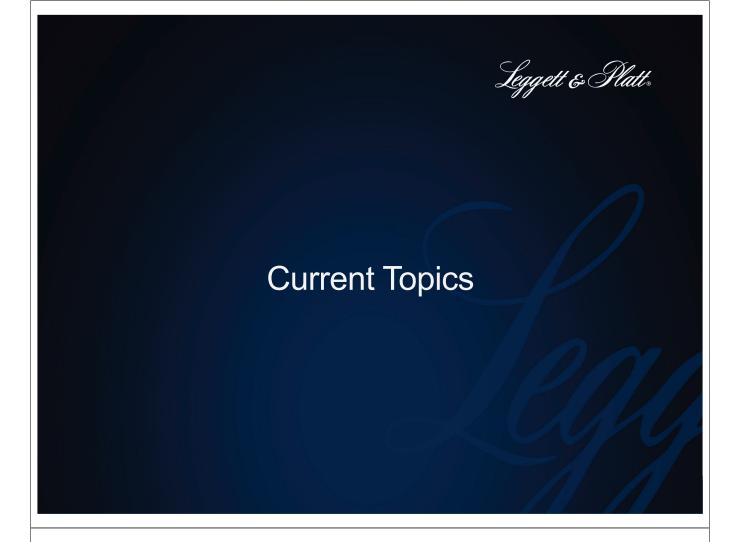
Deferred Comp Program

 Opportunity (in December) to forego a portion of next year's cash salary and bonus to buy stock units

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Third Quarter Highlights

- Sales were a quarterly record¹ \$1.32 billion, a 9% increase vs Q3-20
 - Volume was down 6%
 - > Raw material-related price increases added 13%
 - Currency benefit added 1%
 - > Acquisitions, net of divestitures, added 1% to sales
- 3Q EBIT was \$144 million, down \$12 million vs. adjusted² Q3-20 EBIT
- EBIT margin 10.9%, down 200 bps vs. 12.9% adjusted² Q3-20
- EPS of \$.71, down \$.11 vs. adjusted² Q3-20 EPS

¹ Record is from continuing operations

² See appendix for non-GAAP reconciliations



2021 Updated Guidance (issued 11/1/21 and not updated since)

- Full year 2021 sales guidance narrowed to \$5.0–\$5.1 billion (vs. prior range of \$4.9–\$5.1 billion); up 17%–19% versus 2020
 - > Reflects higher raw material-related price increases and lower volume
 - Volume expectations changed to mid-single-digit from mid-to-high-single-digit growth primarily from lower volume in Automotive as a result of semiconductor shortages impacting global auto production
 - > Raw material-related price increases expected to add significant sales growth
 - > Currency expected to benefit sales
 - > Acquisitions, net of divestitures, expected to add 1%
- Adjusted EPS narrowed to \$2.70-\$2.80 (vs. prior range of \$2.70-\$2.90)
 - > Change reflects lower volume in Automotive
 - Excludes 2Q gain from real estate sale of \$0.16 per share
- Implied adjusted EBIT margin of 11.1%–11.2%

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2021 Updated Guidance (continued)

- Depreciation and amortization ~\$190 million
- Net interest expense ~\$75 million
- Tax rate ~23%
 - > 1Q = 20%; 2Q = 27%; 3Q = 23%; 4Q = ~23%
- Diluted shares ~137 million
- Operating cash ~\$350 million; down \$100 million from prior guidance
- Cap-ex ~\$120 million; down \$20 million from prior guidance
- Dividends ~\$220 million

Commodity Impact

Steel

- Main categories are scrap, rod, and flat-rolled
- Impact from inflation/deflation
 - > Typically pass through; lag is ~90 days
- Change in metal margin (mkt price for rod mkt price for scrap) also impacts earnings
 - Our scrap cost and rod pricing moves with the market; large swings could cause Bedding Products segment earnings volatility

Chemicals

- Main types are TDI, MDI, and polyols
- Impact from inflation/deflation
 - > Typically pass through; lag is ~30 days

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Macro Indicators



Consumer confidence

- More crucial than home sales since majority (~2/3rds) of bedding/furniture purchases are replacement of existing product
- "Large ticket" purchases that are deferrable



Total **housing** turnover

- Combination of new and existing homes sales
- - **Employment levels**



Consumer discretionary spending



Interest rate levels



Key Take-Aways



Strong businesses with compelling market advantages



Opportunities for long-term profitable growth

Maintaining capital discipline



Dividend growth remains a top priority

- 50 years of annual increases
- Attractive yield ~3.5%



Commitment to sustainability through our products, our processes, and our people

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FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Ticker: LEG (NYSE)

Website: www.leggett.com

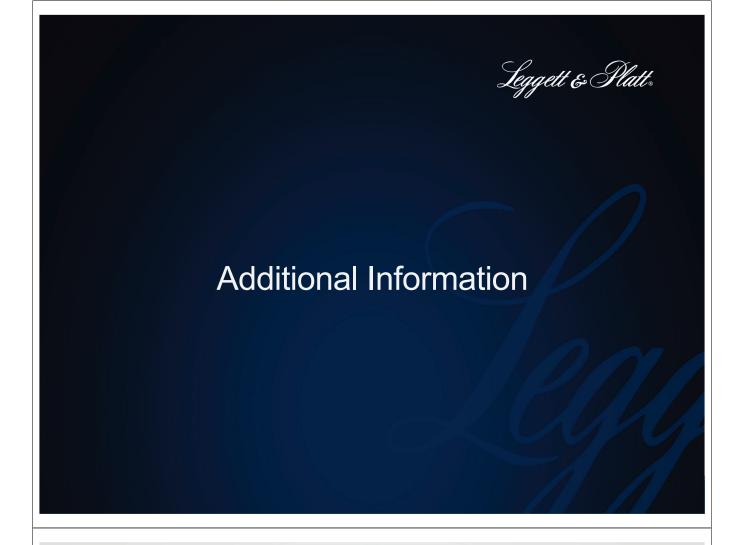
Email: invest@leggett.com

Phone: (417) 358-8131

> Find our Fact Book and Sustainability Report at www.leggett.com

Susan McCoy Senior Vice President, Investor Relations

Cassie Branscum Senior Director, Investor Relations



Cost Structure

- Costs are roughly 75% variable, 25% fixed
- Incremental/decremental volume
- > 25-35% contribution margin
- Cost of Goods Sold composition (approximate):
 - 60% Materials, composed of:
 - Steel ~25% of RMs
 - Chemicals ~15% of RMs
 - Woven & non-woven fabrics ~10% of RMs
 - Foam scrap, fibers ~3% of RMs
 - Titanium, nickel, stainless ~2% of RMs
 - Others, including sub-assemblies, hardware, components, finished products purchased for resale, etc. ~45% of RMs
 - 20% Labor (includes all burden and overhead)
 - 20% Other, composed of:
 - Depreciation, utilities, maintenance, supplies each ~3% of COGS
 - Shipping/transportation ~10% of COGS
 - Other also includes rent, insurance, property tax, etc.



Customers Include

In North America:

Adient **General Motors** Lowe's Simmons Ashley Furniture Haworth Magna Sleep Number Berkshire Hathaway HNI Mattress Firm Steelcase Best Home Furnishings Home Depot **MCF** Tempur Sealy MillerKnoll Casper JLG (Oshkosh) Toyota Boshoku La-Z-Boy Purple Eaton Toyota Industrial Equip

Ford Lear Resident Home Tuft & Needle
GE Aviation Lincoln Electric Serta Walmart

In Europe and Asia:

Bensons Fritz Hansen Kuka Sanyo

Dreams Hay Natuzzi Silentnight Beds
Emma Hilding Anders Profim Sleepeezee
Faurecia Howe Recticel Volkswagen

Diverse Customer Base - Low Concentration

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Strong Peer Group

Diversified Manufacturers

w/ Ticker & Fortune 1000 Ranking (June 2021) Leggett Ranking = 598

CSL	Carlisle	599	ITW	Illinois Tool Works	240
DHR	Danaher	130	IR	Ingersoll Rand	533
DOV	Dover	429	MAS	Masco	398
ETN	Eaton Corp	n/a	PNR	Pentair	n/a
FMR	Emerson	181	PPG	PPG Industries	220

Characteristics of the Group

Multiple Business Segments

Sell Mainly to Other Manufacturers

Low Customer Concentration

Stamp, Cast & Machine Materials

Moderate Labor & Capital Intensity

Primarily Manufacturers

In "Old Economy" Markets

Complex; Hard to Grasp

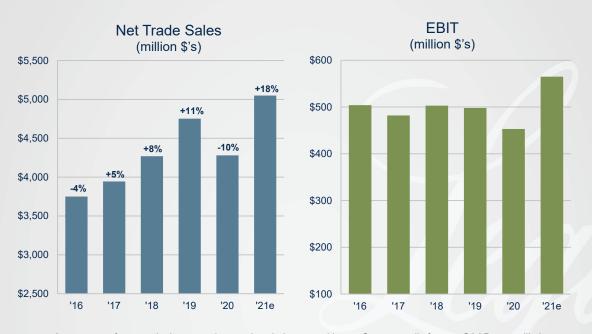
Old, Established Firms

Diverse Products

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Sales and EBIT



- Amounts are from continuing operations and exclude unusual items. See appendix for non-GAAP reconciliations.
- 2016 2020 financial data has been adjusted to apply the effects of the change from LIFO to FIFO
- 2021 estimates are based on mid-point of guidance



Net Earnings and EPS





- Amounts are from continuing operations and exclude unusual items. See appendix for non-GAAP reconciliations.
- 2016 2020 financial data has been adjusted to apply the effects of the change from LIFO to FIFO
- 2021 estimates are based on mid-point of guidance

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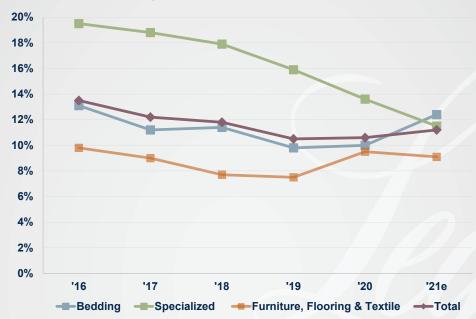
Returns and TSR





- See appendix for return calculation
- TSR assuming dividends continually reinvested
- 2016 2020 financial data has been adjusted to apply the effects of the change from LIFO to FIFO
- 2021 estimates are based on mid-point of guidance

Segment EBIT Margins

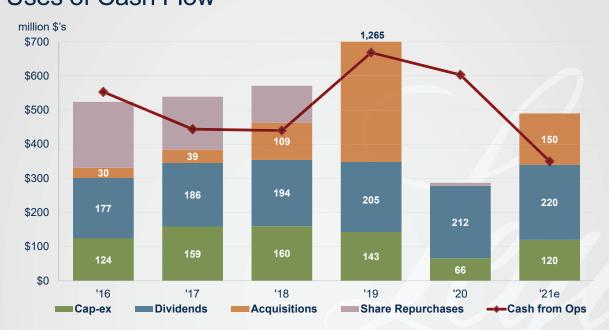


- Amounts exclude unusual items. See appendix for non-GAAP reconciliations.
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- 2021 estimates are based on mid-point of guidance

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Uses of Cash Flow



Operating Cash > Capital Expenditures + Dividends for over 30 years



Cash Flow Details

\$'s in millions	2016 ¹	2017¹	2018 ¹	2019 ¹	2020 ¹	2021e ³
Net Earnings	395	307	324	314	253	396
Deprec & Amort	115	126	136	192	189	190
Def Income Taxes	23	17	3	1	(21)	_
Impairments	4	5	5	8	29	//-
Working Capital	5	(99)	(77)	101	80	(266)
Other Non-Cash ²	11	88	49	52	73	30
Cash from Operations	553	444	440	668	603	350
Uses of Cash						
Capital Expenditures	(124)	(159)	(160)	(143)	(66)	(120)
Dividends	(177)	(186)	(194)	(205)	(212)	(220)
Acquisitions	(30)	(39)	(109)	(1,265)	77.4	(150)
Share Repurchases	(193)	(155)	(108)	(7)	(9)	

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Debt Issued and Retired



Excludes commercial paper borrowings and operating lease liabilities

 $^{^{1}}$ Adjusted to apply the effects of the change from LIFO to FIFO 2 2017 Other Non-Cash includes \$67 million in deemed repatriation taxes as a result of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act

³ 2021 estimated net income is based on mid-point of guidance

Financial Metrics Defined

- TSR: Total Shareholder Return
 - > Total benefit investor realizes from owning our stock
 - \triangleright (\triangle stock price + dividends) / initial stock price
- EBIT CAGR: Compound Annual Growth Rate of EBIT
- ROCE: Return on Capital Employed
 - > Drives ~60% of annual bonus at operating level and corporate
 - EBIT / (working capital (ex cash & current debt) + net PP&E)
- FCF: Free Cash Flow
 - Drives ~40% of annual bonus at operating level and corporate
 - \triangleright EBITDA capex +/– \triangle working capital (ex cash & current debt)

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Appendix Non-GAAP Reconciliations



Q3 Non-GAAP Adjustments

(\$ millions, except EPS)	Q3-21	Q3-20	YTD 2021	YTD 2020
Non-GAAP Adjustments (\$'s) ^{1,2}				
Goodwill impairment ³	_	_	_	25
Note impairment ⁴	_	_	_	8
Stock write-off for prior year divestiture ⁵	_		_	4
Restructuring-related charges ⁶	_	6	_	8
Gain on sale of real estate ⁷	_		(28)	
Non-GAAP adjustments (pre-tax \$'s)	_	6	(28)	45
Income tax impact		(1)	7	(4)
Non-GAAP adjustments (after tax \$'s)	_	4	(21)	41
Diluted shares outstanding	136.9	136.1	136.7	135.8
EPS impact of non-GAAP adjustments	\$ —	\$.03	\$(.16)	\$.30

¹ For additional non-GAAP reconciliation information, see page 7 of the press release

² Calculations impacted by rounding

³ Goodwill impairment affected the following line item on the income statement: YTD 2020: Other Expense \$25

⁴ Note impairment affected the following line item on the income statement: YTD 2020: SG&A \$8

⁵ Stock write-off affected the following line item on the income statement: YTD 2020: Other Expense \$4

⁶ Restructuring-related charges affected the following line item on the income statement: Q3-20: Other Expense \$5, COGS \$1; YTD 2020: Other Expense \$8

⁷ Gain on sale of real estate affected the following line item on the income statement: YTD 2021: Other Income \$28



Non-GAAP Adjustments

(\$ millions, except EPS)	2016 ⁴	2017 ⁴	2018 ⁴	2019 ⁴	2020 ⁴	2021
Non-GAAP Adjustments (\$'s)1						
Impairment charges	4	5	-	-	25	-
Note impairment	-	-	16	-	8	-
Stock write-off from 2008 divestiture	-	-	-	-	4	-
Restructuring-related charges	-	-	23	10	8	-
ECS transaction costs ²	-	-	7	1	-	-/
Gain from real estate sale	-	(20)		-	-	(28)
Pension settlement charge	-	15	-	-	-	- / -
Gain/loss from sale of business	(28)	-	-	-	-	100
Litigation settlement gain	(7)	-	-	-	-	<u> </u>
Non-GAAP adjustments (pre-tax \$'s)	(31)	-	46	11	45	(28)
Income tax impact	12	-	(9)	(1)	(4)	7
TCJA impact ³	-	50	(2)	-	-	-
Unusual tax items	-	(8)	-	-	V -	-
Non-GAAP adjustments (after tax \$'s)	(19)	42	35	10	41	(21)
Diluted shares outstanding	140.0	137.3	135.2	135.4	135.9	136.7
EPS impact of non-GAAP adjustments	\$(.14)	\$.32	\$.26	\$.07	\$.30	\$(.16)

¹ Calculations impacted by rounding

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Reconciliation of Adj EBIT, Adj EBIT Margin, Adj EBITDA, and Adj EBITDA Margin

(\$ millions, except EPS)	2016 ²	2017²	2018 ²	2019 ²	2020 ²	2021e ³
Net trade sales	\$3,750	\$3,944	\$4,270	\$4,753	\$4,280	\$5,050
EBIT (continuing operations)	\$536	\$482	\$460	\$487	\$408	\$593
Non-GAAP adjustments, pre-tax1	(31)	_	42	11	45	(28)
Adjusted EBIT (cont. operations)	\$504	\$482	\$503	\$498	\$453	\$565
Adjusted EBIT margin	13.5%	12.2%	11.8%	10.5%	10.6%	11.2%
Adjusted EBIT (cont. operations)	\$504	\$482	\$503	\$498	\$453	\$565
Depreciation & amortization	115	126	136	192	189	190
Adjusted EBITDA (cont. operations)	\$620	\$608	\$639	\$690	\$642	\$755
Adjusted EBITDA margin	16.5%	15.4%	15.0%	14.5%	15.0%	15.0%

¹ See slide 55 for adjustment details

²2018 includes \$4 million in SG&A charges and \$3 million of financing-related charges in interest expense

³ Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017

⁴ Adjusted for effects of change from LIFO to FIFO

² Adjusted for effects of change from LIFO to FIFO

³ 2021 estimates are based on mid-point of guidance (issued 11/1/21)



Reconciliation of Adj Earnings and Adj EPS

(\$ millions, except EPS)	2016 ²	2017 ²	2018 ²	2019 ²	2020 ²	2021e ³
Earnings (continuing operations)	\$394	\$307	\$324	\$314	\$253	\$396
Non-GAAP adjustments, after tax1	(19)	42	35	10	41	(21)
Adjusted Earnings (cont. operations)	\$356	\$350	\$358	\$324	\$294	\$375
Diluted EPS (continuing operations)	\$2.68	\$2.25	\$2.39	\$2.32	\$1.86	\$2.91
EPS impact from non-GAAP adjs1	(.14)	.32	.26	.07	.30	(.16)
Adjusted EPS (cont. operations)	\$2.54	\$2.57	\$2.65	\$2.39	\$2.16	\$2.75

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Calculation of Return on Invested Capital

	2016 ⁴	2017 ⁴	2018 ⁴	2019 ⁴	2020 ⁴	2021e ⁵
Adjusted EBIT (cont. operations) ¹	\$504	\$482	\$503	\$498	\$453	\$565
Tax rate	24.1%	21.5%	21.0%	21.8%	21.2%	23.0%
Net Operating Profit After Tax (NOPAT) ²	383	378	397	389	357	435
Total debt (long-term + current)	\$960	\$1,252	\$1,169	\$2,118	\$1,900	\$2,100
Operating lease liabilities ³	-	-	-/	161	165	190
Equity	1,111	1,222	1,207	1,341	1,425	1,580
Less: Cash & Cash equivalents	(282)	(526)	(268)	(248)	(349)	(350)
Invested Capital	\$1,789	\$1,948	\$2,108	\$3,372	\$3,141	\$3,520
Average Invested Capital	\$1,794	\$1,868	\$2,028	\$2,740	\$3,257	\$3,330
Return on Invested Capital (ROIC)	21.3%	20.3%	19.6%	14.2%	11.0%	13.1%

¹ See slide 55 for adjustment details

¹ See slide 55 for adjustment details

² Adjusted for effects of change from LIFO to FIFO

³ 2021 estimates are based on mid-point of guidance (issued 11/1/21)

² NOPAT = Adjusted EBIT x (1 – tax rate)

³ New lease accounting rules adopted January 1, 2019. Prior year data is not available.

⁴ Adjusted for effects of change from LIFO to FIFO

⁵ 2021 estimates are based on mid-point of guidance (issued 11/1/21)



Calculation of Dividend Payout % of Adjusted EPS

	2017 ²	2018 ²	2019 ²	2020 ²	2021e ³
Diluted EPS from cont. operations	\$2.25	\$2.39	\$2.32	\$1.86	\$2.91
EPS impact from non-GAAP adjs1	.32	.26	.07	.30	(.16)
Adjusted EPS from cont. operations _	\$2.57	\$2.65	\$2.39	\$2.16	\$2.75
Annual dividend per share	\$1.42	\$1.50	\$1.58	\$1.60	\$1.66
Dividend payout % of diluted EPS from continuing operations	63%	63%	68%	86%	57%
Dividend payout % of adjusted EPS	55%	57%	66%	74%	60%

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Non-GAAP Financial Measures

While we report financial results in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S. ("GAAP"), this presentation includes non-GAAP measures. These include adjusted EBIT, adjusted EBIT margin, adjusted EBITDA, adjusted EBITDA margin, adjusted earnings, and adjusted EPS. We believe these non-GAAP measures are useful to investors in that they assist investors' understanding of underlying operational profitability. Management uses these non-GAAP measures as supplemental information to assess the company's operational performance.

We believe the presentation of **return on invested capital (ROIC)** provides investors a useful way to assess how efficiently the Company uses investors' funds to generate income. Management uses this ratio as supplemental information to assess how effectively its invested capital is utilized.

The above non-GAAP measures may not be comparable to similarly titled measures used by other companies and should not be considered a substitute for, or more meaningful than, their GAAP counterparts.

¹ See slide 55 for adjustment details

² Adjusted for effects of change from LIFO to FIFO

³ 2021 estimates are based on mid-point of guidance (issued 11/1/21)