Leggett & Platt.

Company Update March 2022

LEG (NYSE) www.leggett.com

Leggett & Platt.

Forward-Looking Statements

Statements in this presentation, either written or oral, that are not historical in nature are "forward-looking." These statements are identified either by their context or by use of words such as "anticipate," "believe," "estimate or E," "expect," "forecasted," "intend," "may," "plan," "should," "guidance" or the like and include margin improvement, sales and growth, volume growth, EPS, EBIT, depreciation and amortization, net interest expense, tax rate, diluted shares, operating cash, capital expenditures, dividends and yield, debt repayments, net earnings, return on invested capital, EBIT margins, segment EBIT margins, stock repurchases, acquisition spending, uses of cash, automotive compound annual growth rate and long-term growth, automotive market share, investment grade credit rating, and operating cash flow in excess of capital expenditures and dividends. All such forward-looking statements are expressly qualified by the cautionary statements described in this provision. We do not have, and do not undertake, any duty to update any forward-looking statement. Forward-looking statements should not be relied upon as a prediction of actual future events or results. Any forward-looking statement reflects only the beliefs of Leggett at the time the statement is made. All forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties which might cause actual events or results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements. Some of these risks and uncertainties include: the demand for our products; our ability to obtain raw materials and parts and their increased cost, maintain appropriate labor levels and ship finished products to customers due to supply chain disruptions; our ability to collect receivables in accordance with their terms; impairment of goodwill and long-lived assets; restructuring and related charges; access to the commercial paper market or borrowing under our credit facility; our ability to comply with restrictive financial covenants; changes in our capital needs; market conditions; disruption to our rod mill; our ability to manage working capital; antidumping duties; cybersecurity breaches; customer losses; price and product competition; cost and availability of raw materials and labor; fuel and energy; impacts from the Russian invasion of Ukraine; climate change regulations; ÉSG risks; foreign currency fluctuation; cash repatriation; privacy laws; litigation risks; and other risk factors in Leggett's most recent Form 10-K and subsequent Form 10-Qs.

Market and Industry Data

Unless we indicate otherwise, we base the information concerning our markets/industry contained herein on our general knowledge of and expectations concerning those markets/industry, on data from various industry analyses, on our internal research, and on adjustments and assumptions that we believe to be reasonable. However, we have not independently verified data from market/industry analyses and cannot guarantee their accuracy or completeness.

Leggett & Platt.

Leggett Distinctives



Segments

Bedding Products

Bedding

- Mattress springs
- Private label finished mattresses, mattress toppers, pillows
- Specialty bedding foams
 Foundations

Wire

- Drawn steel wire
- Steel rod

Adjustable Bed

Adjustable beds

Machinery

- Quilting & sewing machinery for bedding mfg.
- Mattress packaging and glue-drying equipment



Specialized Products

Automotive

- Auto seat support & lumbar systems
- Motors, actuators & cables

Aerospace

- Tubing
- Tube assemblies
- Flexible joints

Hydraulic Cylinders

 Hydraulic cylinders primarily for material handling, transportation & construction equipment



Furniture, Flooring & Textile Products

Home Furniture

Recliner mechanisms

Bedding 50%

 Seating and sofa sleeper components

Work Furniture

- Chair controls, bases, frames
- Private label finished seating

Flooring & Textiles

- Flooring underlayment
- Textile converting
- Geo components



Leggett & Platt.

Slide intentionally blank

% of 2022e net trade sales

Specialized 20%

Furniture, Flooring & Textile 30%

Leggett & Platt.

Long Term Value Creation

Leggett & Platt.

Total Shareholder Return

SOURCES



<u>Total Shareholder Return = (Δ Stock Price + Dividends) / Initial Price</u>

Leggett & Platt.

Growth Framework



U.S. Bedding Market Overview





Bedding Trends

Consumers accept online purchasing and compressed mattresses

- Changed traditional mattress route-to-market, number of brands and product types
- Growth of hybrid mattresses
- Compressed mattresses roughly half of the market and growing

Omnichannel presence is increasingly important



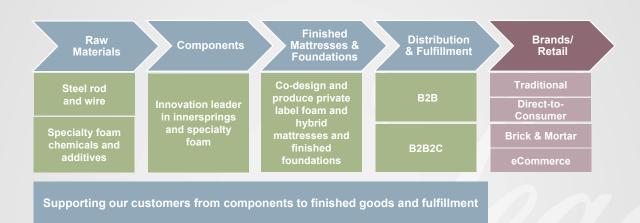
Mattress replacement cycles have shortened

Consumer focus on health and wellness supporting demand for premium mattresses

11

Leggett & Platt.

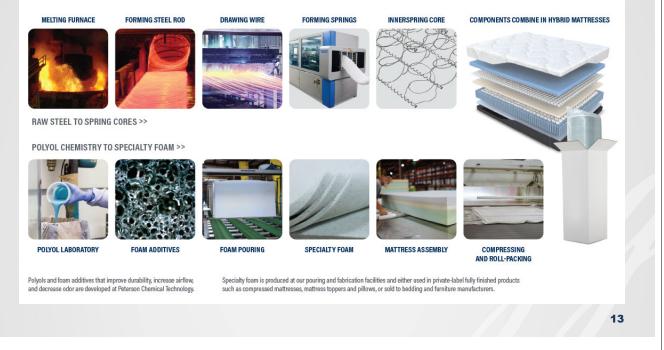
L&P Bedding Value Chain



Leggett & Platt.

Vertical Integration in Bedding Products

Each year at our rod mill in Sterling, Illinois, approximately 550,000 tons of steel scrap are melted and formed into billets. The billets are then used to make around 500,000 tons of steel rod. The majority of the rod goes to our two domestic wire mills to be drawn into various gauges of wire, while most of the wire goes to our spring-making plants to be coiled into innersprings on wire-forming machines manufactured by our Spühl facility in Switzerland. Our innersprings are sold to most U.S. bedding manufacturers and used in private-label finished hybrid compressed mattresses produced in our facilities across the country.



Leggett & Platt.

L&P Positioned to Win in Omni-Channel Environment

- Innovation and low-cost production advantage from integrated rod-wire-machinery-innerspring value chain
- Innovation advantage from ECS chemical-specialty foam value chain
- Innovation and value engineering advantage in private label finished mattress production, particularly innerspring and foam hybrids
- Pair with adjustable and static ready-to-assemble foundations
- Ability to ship direct-to-consumer on behalf of our customers



Technological advances will have significant consumer and industry impacts over next 5-10 years – industry is transforming to our space in comfort and convenience



Acquisition Strategy

Strong Strategic Fit

- · Growth in attractive markets
- Sustainable competitive advantage
- Enhance current capabilities or product offerings
- Meaningful synergies
- Low risk of disruption

Disciplined Financial Screen

- Solid, above-market growth opportunities
- Accretive to GAAP EPS and cash flow within one year of acquisition
- Returns well above WACC

Cultural Alignment

- · Ethics and integrity
- Safety prioritization
- Strong, committed leadership team
- Customer focus
- Continuous improvement

Acquisitions are most often bolt-on to existing businesses but could also include opportunities in new markets that leverage our key competencies.

Leggett & Platt.

Sources of Margin Improvement

Near-Term Opportunities

- Maintaining pricing discipline to recover cost inflation
- Increasing volume across our businesses as supply chain constraints improve
- Improving operational efficiency in businesses impacted by supply chain issues

Ongoing Opportunities

- Portfolio Management
- Growth in Attractive Markets
- Product Innovation
- Continuous Improvement



19

Leggett & Platt.

Debt, Liquidity, and Cash Flow

Debt and Liquidity

- Maintaining priority on Investment Grade credit rating
- \$1.2 billion revolving credit facility in place
- Comfortably supports dividend funding

Cash Flow

- Long history of strong Operating Cash Flow
- Exceeded capital expenditures + dividends in 32 of last 33 years
- > Expect to exceed in 2022

21

Leggett & Platt.

Slide intentionally blank

Leggett & Platt.

Sustainability

Leggett & Platt.

Our Commitment to Enhancing Lives



Investing in our People to Attract and Retain Talent for Long-Term Success



Innovative Products Deliver Positive Sustainability Impact for our Customers Focus on Resource Efficiency, Waste Reduction, and Renewables Protects Environment and Reduces Costs

Enhancing Lives through our People, our Products, and our Processes

Leggett & Platt.

Investing in our People to Attract and Retain Talent for Long-Term Success

- 77% internal promotion rate for corporate officer positions over the last three years
- Newly created positions including our first Chief Human Resources Officer, Inclusion, Diversity, and Equity (ID&E) Director, and Sustainability Manager help bolster our human capital management, ID&E, and ESG efforts
- ID&E strategy and action plan designed to foster an inclusive and diverse culture that aligns with our values and priorities
- Global Frontline Supervisor Training Program designed to help managers in our operations build strong employee engagement

25

Leggett & Platt.



Innovative Products Deliver Positive Sustainability Impact for our Customers

- Lightweight automotive components help to reduce overall vehicle weight, improve fuel efficiency, and reduce noise
- Specialty foam products meet the highest standards for chemical safety with CertiPUR-US® certification
- Carpet cushion products make a direct contribution towards Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design (LEED) green building certification, are Carpet and Rug Institute (CRI) Green Label Plus-certified, and are recyclable

Leggett & Platt.

Focus on Resource Efficiency, Waste Reduction, and **Renewables Protects Environment and Reduces Costs**

- Produce over 90% of our steel rod from primarily locally-sourced, recycled steel scrap
- Over 40% of U.S. and over 80% of Canadian electric consumption is from sustainable power sources
- Voluntary partnership with U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) Better Buildings, Better Plants Program to drive energy efficiency
- Company-wide Environmental Management System drives continual improvement in environmental sustainability

27

Leggett & Platt.

Governance/Directors

Only Non-Management 7 out of 12 Directors 10 Non-Management Directors on Diverse by Directors (out of 12 total) Race/Ethnicity or Gender **Non-Management** Age <u>Joined</u> **Position** <u>Firm</u> Angela Barbee 2022 56 Former SVP Weber, Inc. ٠ Mark Blinn 60 2019 **Retired President & CEO** Flowserve М 🌢 Robert Brunner ₩ ♦ 64 2009 Retired EVP ITW/ Mary Campbell Ц 54 2019 President-Streaming and Quarate Retail. Inc. **Digital Ventures** Manuel Fernandez ٠ 75 2014 Managing Director **SI Ventures** Joe McClanathan Retired President & CEO **Energizer Household Products** * 69 2005 Judy Odom ⁺ 69 2002 Retired Chair & CEO Software Spectrum Srikanth Padmanabhan Ц 57 2018 Vice President Cummins Inc. Jai Shah 55 2019 **Group President** Ц Masco 68 Phoebe Wood Ц * 2005 Principal **CompaniesWood Management Executive Chairman** Leggett & Platt Karl Glassman 63 2002 Mitch Dolloff 56 2020 President & CEO Leggett & Platt

[†] Lead Director

Leggett & Platt.

Compensation Rewards Strong Performance

Annual Incentive

Based on current year ROCE and free cash flow

Performance Stock Units

- Long-term equity-based, significant portion of total comp for execs
- Three-year performance period with two equal measures
- Relative TSR performance (vs. peer group of ~300 companies)
- > Company or segment EBIT CAGR

Deferred Comp Program

 Opportunity (in December) to forego a portion of next year's cash salary and bonus to buy stock units

29

Leggett & Platt.

Slide intentionally blank

Leggett & Platt.

Current Topics

Leggett & Platt.

2021 Highlights

4th Quarter:

- Sales were a quarterly record¹ \$1.33 billion, a 13% increase vs. Q4-20
 - > Volume was down 5%
 - > Raw material-related price increases and currency benefit added 16%
 - > Acquisitions, net of divestitures, added 2% to sales
- EBIT of \$152 million, down \$4 million vs. Q4-20 EBIT of \$156 million
- Q4 EPS of \$.77, down \$.02 vs. EPS of \$.79 in Q4-20

Full Year:

- Sales were a record¹ \$5.07 billion, a 19% increase vs. 2020
 - > Volume was up 4%
 - Raw material-related price increases and currency benefit added 14%
 - > Acquisitions, net of divestitures, added 1% to sales
- Adj.² EBIT of \$568 million, up \$115 million vs. 2020
- Record adj.² EPS of \$2.78, up 29% vs. 2020
- Maintained ~\$80 million of ~\$90 million fixed cost savings taken in 2020
- Cash from operations was \$271 million
- Increased dividend for 50th consecutive year
 - ¹ Record is from continuing operations
 - ² See appendix for non-GAAP reconciliations

Leggett & Platt.

2022 Guidance (issued 2/7/22 and not updated since)

Sales of \$5.3–\$5.6 billion; up 4%–10% versus 2021

- > Volume growth expected to be flat to mid-single digits, from:
 - Continued recovery in the businesses in Specialized Products that were most negatively impacted by the effects of the pandemic
 - Improved operating conditions and stabilized demand in Bedding
- Continued inflationary impact primarily from raw material-related price increases implemented in 2021 expected to add sales growth
- Acquisitions completed in 2021 expected to add 1% to sales
- EPS of \$2.70-\$3.00
 - Mid-point reflects higher volume and metal margins in our Steel Rod business to expand modestly, partially offset by increased transportation and labor costs and reduced overhead absorption as inventory levels are right-sized
- Implied EBIT margin of 10.5%–11.0%

33

Leggett & Platt.

2022 Guidance (continued)

- Depreciation and amortization ~\$200 million
- Net interest expense ~\$80 million
- Tax rate ~23%
- Diluted shares ~137 million
- Operating cash ~\$600 million
- Cap-ex ~\$150 million
- Dividends ~\$230 million

Leggett & Platt.

Commodity Impact

Steel

- Main categories are scrap, rod, and flat-rolled
- Impact from inflation/deflation
 - > Typically pass through; lag is ~90 days
- Change in metal margin (mkt price for rod mkt price for scrap) also impacts earnings
 - Our scrap cost and rod pricing moves with the market; large swings could cause Bedding Products segment earnings volatility

Chemicals

- Main types are TDI, MDI, and polyols
- Impact from inflation/deflation
 - > Typically pass through; lag is ~30 days

35

Leggett & Platt.

Macro Indicators

Consumer confidence

- More crucial than home sales since majority (~2/3rds) of bedding/furniture purchases are replacement of existing product
- "Large ticket" purchases that are deferrable

Total housing turnover

Combination of new and existing homes sales



Employment levels



Consumer discretionary spending



Interest rate levels

Leggett & Platt.

Key Take-Aways

Strong businesses with compelling market advantages

Gopportunities for long-term profitable growth

Maintaining capital discipline

Dividend growth remains a top priority

- 50 years of annual increases
- Attractive yield >4%

Commitment to **sustainability** through our people, our products, and our processes

37

Leggett & Platt.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Ticker:LEG (NYSE)Website:www.leggett.comEmail:invest@leggett.comPhone:(417) 358-8131

Find our <u>Fact Book</u> and <u>Sustainability Report</u> at www.leggett.com

| Susan McCoy | Senior Vice President, Investor Relations |
|-----------------|---|
| Cassie Branscum | Senior Director, Investor Relations |

Leggett & Platt.

Additional Information

Leggett & Platt.

Cost Structure

- Costs are roughly 75% variable, 25% fixed
- Incremental/decremental volume
 - 25–35% contribution margin
- <u>Cost of Goods Sold</u> composition (approximate):
 - 60% Materials, composed of:
 - Steel ~25% of RMs
 - Chemicals ~15% of RMs
 - Woven & nonwoven fabrics ~15% of RMs
 - Foam scrap, fibers ~3% of RMs
 - Metals (titanium, nickel, stainless, chrome bar), wood each ~2% of RMs
 - Others, including sub-assemblies, hardware, components, finished products purchased for resale, etc. ~40% of RMs
 - 20% Labor (includes all burden and overhead)
 - 20% Other, composed of:
 - Depreciation, supplies each ~3% of COGS
 - Utilities, maintenance each ~2% of COGS
 - Shipping/transportation ~10% of COGS
 - Other also includes rent, insurance, property tax, etc.

Leggett & Platt.

Customers Include

In North America:

Adient Ashley Furniture Berkshire Hathaway Best Home Furnishings Casper Eaton Ford GE Aviation General Motors Haworth HNI Home Depot JLG (Oshkosh) La-Z-Boy Lear Lincoln Electric Lowe's Magna Mattress Firm MCF MillerKnoll Purple Resident Home Serta Simmons Sleep Number Steelcase Stellantis Tempur Sealy Toyota Industrial Equip Tuft & Needle Walmart

In Europe and Asia:

Bensons Dreams Emma Faurecia Fritz Hansen Hay Hilding Anders Honda Howe Hyundai Kuka Natuzzi Nissan Profim Recticel Sanyo Silentnight Beds Sleepeezee Toytota Volkswagen

Diverse Customer Base – Low Concentration

41

Leggett & Platt.

Slide intentionally blank

Leggett & Platt.

Financial Information

Leggett & Platt.

Sales and EBIT



Amounts are from continuing operations and exclude unusual items. See appendix for non-GAAP reconciliations.

2017–2020 financial data has been adjusted to apply the effects of the change from LIFO to FIFO

2022 estimates are based on mid-point of guidance

Leggett & Platt.

Net Earnings and EPS





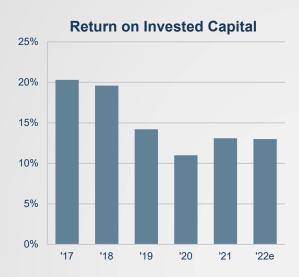
Amounts are from continuing operations and exclude unusual items. See appendix for non-GAAP reconciliations.

2017–2020 financial data has been adjusted to apply the effects of the change from LIFO to FIFO
 2022 estimates are based on mid-point of guidance

45

Leggett & Platt.

Returns and TSR





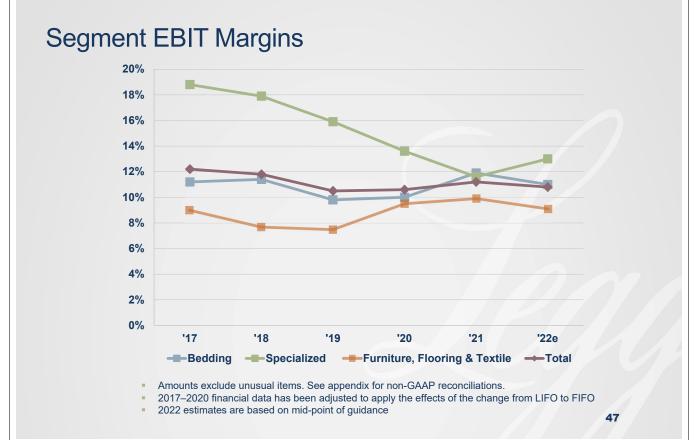
See appendix for return calculation

TSR assuming dividends continually reinvested

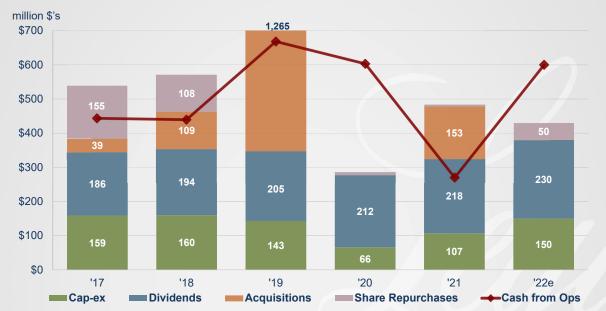
2017–2020 financial data has been adjusted to apply the effects of the change from LIFO to FIFO

2022 estimates are based on mid-point of guidance

Leggett & Platt.



Leggett & Platt.



Uses of Cash Flow

Leggett & Platt.

Cash Flow Details

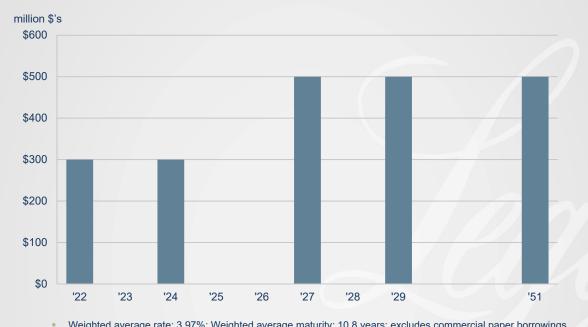
| \$'s in millions | 2017 ¹ | 2018 ¹ | 2019 ¹ | 2020 ¹ | 2021 | 2022e ³ |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------|--------------------|
| Net Earnings | 307 | 324 | 314 | 253 | 403 | 390 |
| Deprec & Amort | 126 | 136 | 192 | 189 | 187 | 200 |
| Def Income Taxes | 17 | 3 | 1 | (21) | (9) | _ |
| Impairments | 5 | 5 | 8 | 29 | — | /- |
| Working Capital | (99) | (77) | 101 | 80 | (338) | (20) |
| Other Non-Cash ² | 88 | 49 | 52 | 73 | 28 | 30 |
| Cash from Operations | 444 | 440 | 668 | 603 | 271 | 600 |
| Uses of Cash | | | | | | |
| Capital Expenditures | (159) | (160) | (143) | (66) | (107) | (150) |
| Dividends | (186) | (194) | (205) | (212) | (218) | (230) |
| Acquisitions | (39) | (109) | (1,265) | — | (153) | - / - |
| Share Repurchases | (155) | (108) | (7) | (9) | (6) | (50) |

¹ Adjusted to apply the effects of the change from LIFO to FIFO
 ² 2017 Other Non-Cash includes \$67 million in deemed repatriation taxes as a result of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act

³ 2022 estimated net income is based on mid-point of guidance

49

Leggett & Platt.



Weighted average rate: 3.97%; Weighted average maturity: 10.8 years; excludes commercial paper borrowings

Debt Maturities

Leggett & Platt.

Financial Metrics Defined

- TSR: Total Shareholder Return
 - > Total benefit investor realizes from owning our stock
 - > (Δ stock price + dividends) / initial stock price
- EBIT CAGR: Compound Annual Growth Rate of EBIT
- ROCE: Return on Capital Employed
 - > Drives ~60% of annual bonus at operating level and corporate
 - EBIT / (working capital (ex cash & current debt) + net PP&E)
- FCF: Free Cash Flow
 - > Drives ~40% of annual bonus at operating level and corporate
 - > EBITDA capex +/– Δ working capital (ex cash & current debt)

51

Leggett & Platt.

Slide intentionally blank

Leggett & Platt.

Appendix Non-GAAP Reconciliations

Leggett & Platt.

Non-GAAP Adjustments

| (\$ millions, except EPS) | 2017 ⁴ | 2018 ⁴ | 2019 ⁴ | 2020 ⁴ | 2021 |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|---------|
| Non-GAAP Adjustments (\$'s) ¹ | | | | | |
| Impairment charges | 5 | - | - | 25 | - |
| Note impairment | - | 16 | - | 8 | - |
| Stock write-off from 2008 divestiture | - | - | - | 4 | - |
| Restructuring-related charges | - | 23 | 10 | 8 | - |
| ECS transaction costs ² | - | 7 | 1 | - | - |
| Gain from real estate sale | (20) | - | - | - | (28) |
| Pension settlement charge | 15 | - | - | - | - |
| Gain/loss from sale of business | - | - | - | - | - |
| Litigation settlement gain | - | - | - | - | - |
| Non-GAAP adjustments (pre-tax \$'s) | - | 46 | 11 | 45 | (28) |
| Income tax impact | - | (9) | (1) | (4) | 7 |
| TCJA impact ³ | 50 | (2) | - | - | |
| Unusual tax items | (8) | - | - | - | |
| Non-GAAP adjustments (after tax \$'s) | 42 | 35 | 10 | 41 | (21) |
| Diluted shares outstanding | 137.3 | 135.2 | 135.4 | 135.9 | 136.7 |
| EPS impact of non-GAAP adjustments | \$.32 | \$.26 | \$.07 | \$.30 | \$(.16) |

¹ Calculations impacted by rounding

²2018 includes \$4 million in SG&A charges and \$3 million of financing-related charges in interest expense

³ Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017

⁴ Adjusted for effects of change from LIFO to FIFO

Leggett & Platt.

Reconciliation of Adj EBIT, Adj EBIT Margin, Adj EBITDA, and Adj EBITDA Margin

| (\$ millions, except EPS) | 2017 ² | 2018 ² | 2019 ² | 2020 ² | 2021 | 2022e ³ |
|--|--------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|---------|--------------------|
| Net trade sales | \$3,944 | \$4,270 | \$4,753 | \$4,280 | \$5,073 | \$5,450 |
| EBIT (continuing operations) | \$482 | \$460 | \$487 | \$408 | \$596 | \$590 |
| Non-GAAP adjustments, pre-tax ¹ | _ | 42 | 11 | 45 | (28) | - |
| Adjusted EBIT (cont. operations) | \$482 | \$503 | \$498 | \$453 | \$568 | \$590 |
| Adjusted EBIT margin | 12.2% | 11.8% | 10.5% | 10.6% | 11.2% | 10.8% |
| Adjusted EBIT (cont. operations) | \$482 | \$503 | \$498 | \$453 | \$568 | \$590 |
| Depreciation & amortization | 126 | 136 | 192 | 189 | 187 | 200 |
| Adjusted EBITDA (cont. operations) | \$608 | \$639 | \$690 | \$642 | \$755 | \$790 |
| Adjusted EBITDA margin | 15.4% | 15.0% | 14.5% | 15.0% | 14.9% | 14.5% |

¹ See slide 54 for adjustment details

² Adjusted for effects of change from LIFO to FIFO

³ 2022 estimates are based on mid-point of guidance (issued 2/7/22)

55

Leggett & Platt.

Reconciliation of Adj Earnings and Adj EPS

| (\$ millions, except EPS) | 2017 ² | 2018 ² | 2019 ² | 2020 ² | 2021 | 2022e ³ |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|--------|--------------------|
| Earnings (continuing operations) | \$307 | \$324 | \$314 | \$253 | \$403 | \$390 |
| Non-GAAP adjustments, after tax ¹ | 42 | 35 | 10 | 41 | (21) | _ |
| Adjusted Earnings (cont. operations) | \$350 | \$358 | \$324 | \$294 | \$381 | \$390 |
| Diluted EPS (continuing operations) | \$2.25 | \$2.39 | \$2.32 | \$1.86 | \$2.94 | \$2.85 |
| EPS impact from non-GAAP adjs ¹ | .32 | .26 | .07 | .30 | (.16) | - |
| Adjusted EPS (cont. operations) | \$2.57 | \$2.65 | \$2.39 | \$2.16 | \$2.78 | \$2.85 |

¹ See slide 54 for adjustment details

² Adjusted for effects of change from LIFO to FIFO

³ 2022 estimates are based on mid-point of guidance (issued 2/7/22)

Leggett & Platt.

Calculation of Return on Invested Capital

| | 2017 ⁴ | 2018 ⁴ | 2019 ⁴ | 2020 ⁴ | 2021 | 2022e⁵ |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------|---------|
| Adjusted EBIT (cont. operations) ¹ | \$482 | \$503 | \$498 | \$453 | \$568 | \$590 |
| Tax rate | 21.5% | 21.0% | 21.8% | 21.2% | 22.8% | 23.0% |
| Net Operating Profit After Tax (NOPAT) ² | 379 | 397 | 389 | 357 | 438 | 454 |
| Total debt (long-term + current) | \$1,252 | \$1,169 | \$2,118 | \$1,900 | \$2,090 | \$1,800 |
| Operating lease liabilities ³ | - | - | 161 | 165 | 198 | 200 |
| Equity | 1,222 | 1,207 | 1,342 | 1,425 | 1,649 | 1,750 |
| Less: Cash & Cash equivalents | (526) | (268) | (248) | (349) | (362) | (350) |
| Invested Capital | \$1,948 | \$2,108 | \$3,373 | \$3,141 | \$3,575 | \$3,400 |
| Average Invested Capital | \$1,869 | \$2,028 | \$2,740 | \$3,257 | \$3,358 | \$3,487 |
| Return on Invested Capital (ROIC) | 20.3% | 19.6% | 14.2% | 11.0% | 13.1% | 13.0% |

¹ See slide 54 for adjustment details

² NOPAT = Adjusted EBIT x (1 – tax rate)

³ New lease accounting rules adopted January 1, 2019. Prior year data is not available.

⁴ Adjusted for effects of change from LIFO to FIFO

⁵ 2022 estimates are based on mid-point of guidance (issued 2/7/22)

Leggett & Platt.

Calculation of Dividend Payout % of Adjusted EPS

| | 2017 ² | 2018 ² | 2019 ² | 2020 ² | 2021 | 2022e ³ |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------|--------------------|
| Diluted EPS from cont. operations | \$2.25 | \$2.39 | \$2.32 | \$1.86 | \$2.94 | \$2.85 |
| EPS impact from non-GAAP adjs ¹ | .32 | .26 | .07 | .30 | (.16) | |
| Adjusted EPS from cont. operations | \$2.57 | \$2.65 | \$2.39 | \$2.16 | \$2.78 | \$2.85 |
| Annual dividend per share | \$1.42 | \$1.50 | \$1.58 | \$1.60 | \$1.66 | \$1.74 |
| Dividend payout % of diluted EPS from continuing operations | 63% | 63% | 68% | 86% | 56% | 61% |
| Dividend payout % of adjusted EPS | 55% | 57% | 66% | 74% | 60% | 61% |

² Adjusted for effects of change from LIFO to FIFO
 ³ 2022 estimates are based on mid-point of guidance (issued 2/7/22)

58

Leggett & Platt.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

While we report financial results in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S. ("GAAP"), this presentation includes non-GAAP measures. These include **adjusted EBIT**, **adjusted EBIT margin**, **adjusted EBITDA**, **adjusted EBITDA** margin, adjusted earnings, and adjusted EPS. We believe these non-GAAP measures are useful to investors in that they assist investors' understanding of underlying operational profitability. Management uses these non-GAAP measures as supplemental information to assess the company's operational performance.

We believe the presentation of **return on invested capital (ROIC)** provides investors a useful way to assess how efficiently the Company uses investors' funds to generate income. Management uses this ratio as supplemental information to assess how effectively its invested capital is utilized.

The above non-GAAP measures may not be comparable to similarly titled measures used by other companies and should not be considered a substitute for, or more meaningful than, their GAAP counterparts.